

"SEC. 12. The corporation shall be liable for the acts of its officers and agents when acting within the scope of their authority.

"SEC. 13. The corporation shall have no power to issue any shares of stock or to declare or pay any dividends.

"SEC. 14. The corporation shall keep correct and complete books and records of account and shall keep minutes of the proceedings of its national encampments and council of administration. All books and records of the corporation may be inspected by any member, or his agent or attorney, for any proper purpose, at any reasonable time.

"SEC. 15. (a) The financial transactions of the corporation shall be audited annually by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with the principles and procedures applicable to commercial corporate transactions. The audit shall be conducted at the place or places where the accounts of the corporation are normally kept. All books, accounts, financial records, reports, files, and all other papers, things, or property belonging to or in use by the corporation and necessary to facilitate the audit shall be made available to the person or persons conducting the audit; and full facilities for verifying transactions with the balances or securities held by depositories, fiscal agents, and custodians shall be afforded to such person or persons.

"(b) A report of such audit shall be made by the corporation to the Congress not later than March 1 of each year. The report shall set forth the scope of the audit and shall include a verification by the person or persons conducting the audit of statements of (1) assets and liabilities, (2) capital and surplus or deficit, (3) surplus or deficit analysis, (4) income and expense, and (5) sources and application of funds. Such report shall not be printed as a public document.

"SEC. 16. On or before March 1 of each year the corporation shall report to the Congress on its activities during the preceding fiscal year. Such report may consist of a report on the proceedings of the national encampment covering such fiscal year. Such report shall not be printed as a public document.

"SEC. 17. The corporation and its subordinate divisions shall have the sole and exclusive right to use the name, the Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War. The corporation shall have the exclusive and sole right to use, or to allow or refuse the use of, such emblems, seals, and badges as it may legally adopt, and such emblems, seals, and badges as have heretofore been used by the Illinois corporation described in section 18 and the right to which may be lawfully transferred to the corporation.

"SEC. 18. The corporation may acquire the assets of the Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois, upon discharging or satisfactorily providing for the payment and discharge of all of the liability of such corporation and upon complying with all laws of the State of Illinois applicable thereto.

"SEC. 19. Upon dissolution or final liquidation of the corporation, after discharge or satisfaction of all outstanding obligations and liabilities, the remaining assets, if any, of the corporation shall be distributed in accordance with the determination of the council of administration and in compliance with the constitution and bylaws of the corporation and all Federal and State laws applicable thereto.

"SEC. 20. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is expressly reserved."

The committee amendment was agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

SAFETY ON THE GREAT LAKES BY MEANS OF RADIO

The Clerk called the bill (S. 3464) to amend the Communications Act of 1934 in order to make certain provisions for the carrying out of the agreement for the promotion of safety on the Great Lakes by means of radio.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That section 3 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, is amended by inserting after paragraph (dd) the following:

"(ee) 'Great Lakes Agreement' means the agreement for the promotion of safety on the Great Lakes by means of radio in force and the regulations referred to therein."

SEC. 2. (a) The first sentence of section 4 (f) (3) of such act is amended to read as follows: "The Commission shall fix a reasonable rate of extra compensation for overtime services of engineers in charge and radio engineers of the Field Engineering and Monitoring Bureau of the Federal Communications Commission, who may be required to remain on duty between the hours of 5 o'clock postmeridian and 8 o'clock antemeridian or on Sundays or holidays to perform services in connection with the inspection of ship radio equipment and apparatus for the purposes of part II of title III of this act or the Great Lakes agreement, on the basis of one-half day's additional pay for each 2 hours or fraction thereof of at least 1 hour that the overtime exceeds beyond 5 o'clock postmeridian (but not to exceed 2½ days' pay for the full period from 5 o'clock postmeridian to 8 o'clock antemeridian) and 2 additional days' pay for Sunday or holiday duty."

(b) The last proviso of such section 4 (f) (3) is amended by striking out "inspectors" wherever it appears therein and inserting in lieu thereof "engineers."

SEC. 3. Title V of such act is amended by inserting after section 506 a new section reading as follows:

"VIOLATION OF GREAT LAKES AGREEMENT"

"SEC. 507. (a) Any vessel of the United States that is navigated in violation of the provisions of the Great Lakes agreement or the rules and regulations of the Commission made in pursuance thereof and any vessel of a foreign country that is so navigated on waters under the jurisdiction of the United States shall forfeit to the United States the sum of \$500 recoverable by way or suit or libel. Each day during which such navigation occurs shall constitute a separate offense.

"(b) Every willful failure on the part of the master of a vessel of the United States to enforce or to comply with the provisions of the Great Lakes agreement or the rules and regulations of the Commission made in pursuance thereof shall cause him to forfeit to the United States the sum of \$100."

SEC. 4. Section 504 (b) of such act is amended by deleting "title III, part II" and inserting in lieu thereof "part II of title III and section 507."

SEC. 5. Section 602 (e) of such act is amended to read as follows:

"(e) The act entitled 'An act to require apparatus and operators for radio communication on certain ocean steamers,' approved June 24, 1910, as amended, is hereby repealed."

SEC. 6. This act shall take effect on November 13, 1954.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time, was read the third time, and passed, and a motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

SAFETY OF LIFE AT SEA

The Clerk called the bill (S. 2453) to amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, with respect to implementing the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea relating to radio equipment and radio operators on board ship.

There being no objection, the Clerk read the bill, as follows:

Be it enacted, etc., That (a) paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 351 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, are amended to read as follows:

"(1) For any ship of the United States, other than a cargo ship of less than 500 gross tons, to be navigated in the open sea outside of a harbor or port, or for any ship of the United States or any foreign country, other than a cargo ship of less than 500 gross tons, to leave or attempt to leave any harbor or port of the United States for a voyage in the open sea, unless such ship is equipped with an efficient radio installation in operating condition in charge of and operated by a qualified operator or operators, adequately installed and protected so as to insure proper operation, and so as not to endanger the ship and radio installation, as hereinafter provided, and in the case of a ship of the United States, unless there is on board a valid station license issued in accordance with this act: *Provided*, That the Commission may defer the application of the provisions of this section for a period not beyond January 1, 1955, with respect to cargo ships of less than 1,600 gross tons not subject to the radio requirements of the Safety Convention when it is found impracticable to obtain or install equipment necessary for compliance therewith.

"(2) For any ship of the United States of 1,600 gross tons, or over, to be navigated outside of a harbor or port, in the open sea, or for any such ship of the United States or any foreign country to leave or attempt to leave any harbor or port of the United States for a voyage in the open sea, unless such ship is equipped with an efficient radio direction finding apparatus (radio compass) properly adjusted in operating condition as hereinafter provided, which apparatus is approved by the Commission: *Provided*, That the Commission may defer the application of the provisions of this section with respect to radio direction finding apparatus to a ship or ships between 1,600 and 5,000 gross tons for a period not beyond November 19, 1954, if it is found impracticable to obtain or install such direction finding apparatus."

(b) Paragraph (3) of section 352 (a) of such act is amended to read as follows:

"(3) A foreign ship belonging to a country which is a party to any Safety Convention in force between the United States and that country which ship carries a valid certificate exempting said ship from the radio provisions of that Convention, or which ship conforms to the radio requirements of such convention or regulations and has on board a valid certificate to that effect, or which ship is not subject to the radio provisions of any such convention;"

(c) Section 352 of such act is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subsection as follows:

"(c) If, because of unforeseeable failure of equipment, a ship is unable to comply with the equipment requirements of this part without undue delay of the ship, the mileage limitations set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b) shall not apply: *Provided*, That exemption of the ship is found to be reasonable or necessary in accordance with subsection (b) to permit the ship to proceed to a port where the equipment deficiency may be remedied."

divisions as may now or hereafter be authorized by the said encampment: *Provided*, That the present form of government of said organization shall never be so changed as not to be representative of the membership at large or to permit the concentration of the control thereof in the hands of a limited number or in a self-perpetuating body not so representative.

The meetings of the national encampment may be held in any State or Territory or in the District of Columbia, but it shall always maintain in the District of Columbia an official upon whom process and other legal notices may be served, and it may hold property in any State or Territory of the United States or in the District of Columbia consistent with the local laws pertaining thereto.

SEC. 5. The corporate existence of said organization shall continue until it shall be dissolved in any manner provided by law, and it shall each year submit to the Congress a report of the proceedings of its national encampment.

With the following committee amendment:

Strike out all after the enacting clause, and insert "That the following-named persons to wit: General of the Army Douglas MacArthur, New York; Maj. Gen. Amos A. Fries, retired, and Maj. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, 3d, retired, Washington, D. C.; Charles Boynton, Long Beach, Calif.; Frank Worner, Inglewood, Calif.; Wilbur Coursey, Fresno, Calif.; Roy A. Davis, Colorado Springs, Colo.; Angus Ogborn, Richmond, Ind.; Thomas M. Horn, Lafayette, Ind.; Alonzo R. Stanfield, Indianapolis, Ind.; Roy J. Bennett, Des Moines, Iowa; Homer L. Young, Waterloo, Iowa; Dr. L. L. Shoppe, Des Moines, Iowa; E. S. Spangler, Newton, Kans.; A. P. Phillips, Newton, Kans.; William Dix, Newton, Kans.; F. Harold Dubord, Waterville, Maine; Hon. Burleigh Martin, Augusta, Maine; Gen. William E. Southard, Bangor, Maine; George W. Kimball, Chelsea, Mass.; Brig. Gen. Otis M. Whitney, Concord, Mass.; Charles H. E. Moran, Holyoke, Mass.; Gov. Alvan Tufts Fuller, Boston, Mass.; Charles R. Cowdin, Detroit, Mich.; Birt Hammon, Jackson, Mich.; Charles F. Dexter, Detroit, Mich.; Donald F. Peacock, Detroit, Mich.; Dewey B. Mead, Minneapolis, Minn.; Donald C. Bennhof, Hennepin County, Minn.; William A. Anderson, Minneapolis, Minn.; Laurence J. Parker, Bennington, N. H.; Wallace L. Mason, Keene, N. H.; Cleon E. Heald, Keene, N. H.; Col. Edward Black, retired, Bennington, N. H.; Albert C. Lambert, Trenton, N. J.; Col. Frederic G. Bauer, Ridgewood, N. J.; Charles A. Otto, Elizabeth, N. J.; C. Wesley Armstrong, Trenton, N. J.; Dr. Karl Rothschild, New Brunswick, N. J.; Rev. Hermon L. Brockway, Ithaca, N. Y.; William M. Coffin, Cincinnati, Ohio; Homer A. Ramey, Toledo, Ohio; Miles S. Kuhn, Dayton, Ohio; S. Anselm Skelton, Portsmouth, Ohio; Frederick K. Davis, Eugene, Oreg.; Dr. W. E. Buchanan, Eugene, Oreg.; Austin D. McReynolds, Eugene, Oreg.; Glenn L. Adams, Salem, Oreg.; John H. Runkle, Harrisburg, Pa.; C. Leroy Stouder, Reading, Pa.; Walter C. Mabie, Philadelphia, Pa.; Edgar L. Gale, Seattle, Wash.; Edward T. Fairchild, Madison, Wis.; Roland J. Steinle, Milwaukee, Wis.; Lyall T. Beggs, Madison, Wis.; and Dr. William Martin Lamers, Wauwatosa, Wis.; and their successors, are hereby created and declared to be a body corporate of the District of Columbia, where its legal domicile shall be, by the name of the Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War (hereinafter referred to as the corporation), and by such name shall be known and have perpetual succession and the powers, limitations, and restrictions herein contained.

"SEC. 2. A majority of the persons named in the first section of this act, acting in person or by written proxy, are authorized

to complete the organization of the corporation by the selection of officers and employees, the adoption of a constitution and bylaws not inconsistent with this act, and the doing of such other acts as may be necessary for such purpose.

"SEC. 3. The purposes of the corporation shall be: To perpetuate the memory of the Grand Army of the Republic and of the men who saved the Union in 1861 to 1865; to assist in every practicable way in the preservation and making available for research of documents and records pertaining to the Grand Army of the Republic and its members; to cooperate in doing honor to all those who have patriotically served our country in any war; to teach patriotism and the duties of citizenship, the true history of our country, and the love and honor of our flag; to oppose every tendency or movement that would weaken loyalty to, or make for the destruction or impairment of, our constitutional Union; and to inculcate and broadly sustain the American principles of representative government, of equal rights, and of impartial justice for all.

"SEC. 4. The corporation shall have power—

"(1) to have succession by its corporate name;

"(2) to sue and be sued, complain and defend in any court of competent jurisdiction;

"(3) to adopt, use, and alter a corporate seal;

"(4) to choose such officers, managers, agents, and employees as the activities of the corporation may require;

"(5) to adopt, amend, and alter a constitution and bylaws; not inconsistent with the laws of the United States or any State in which the corporation is to operate, for the management of its property and the regulation of its affairs;

"(6) to contract and be contracted with;

"(7) to take by lease, gift, purchase, grant, devise, or bequest from any public body or agency or any private corporation, association, partnership, firm, or individual and to hold absolutely or in trust for any of the purposes of the corporation any property, real personal, or mixed, necessary or convenient for attaining the objects and carrying into effect the purposes of the corporation, subject, however, to applicable provisions of law of any State (A) governing the amount or kind of property which may be held by, or (B) otherwise limiting or controlling the ownership of property by, a corporation operating in such State;

"(8) to transfer, convey, lease, sublease, encumber and otherwise alienate real, personal or mixed property; and

"(9) to borrow money for the purposes of the corporation, issue bonds therefor, and secure the same by mortgage, deed of trust, pledge or otherwise, subject in every case to all applicable provisions of Federal and State laws; and

"(10) to do any and all acts and things necessary and proper to carry out the objects and purposes of the corporation.

"SEC. 5. Eligibility for membership in the corporation and the rights, privileges, and designation of classes of members shall, except as provided in this act, be determined as the constitution and bylaws of the corporation may provide. Eligibility for membership in the corporation shall be limited to male blood relatives of persons who served between April 12, 1861, and April 9, 1865, as soldiers or sailors of the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps or Revenue-Cutter Service, and of such State regiments as were called into active service and were subject to orders of United States general officers between the dates above mentioned and were honorably discharged therefrom at the close of such service or who died in such service.

"SEC. 6. The supreme governing authority of the corporation shall be the national encampment thereof, composed of such officers

and elected representatives from the several State and other local subdivisions of the corporate organization as shall be provided by the constitution and bylaws: *Provided*, That the form of the government of the corporation shall always be representative of the membership at large and shall not permit the concentration of the control thereof in the hands of a limited number of members or in a self-perpetuating group not so representative. The meetings of the national encampment may be held in any State or Territory or in the District of Columbia.

"SEC. 7. (a) During the intervals between the national encampments, the council of administration shall be the governing board of the corporation and shall be responsible for the general policies, program, and activities of the corporation.

"(b) Upon the enactment of this act the membership of the initial council of administration of the corporation shall consist of the present members of the council of administration of the Sons of Union Veterans of the Civil War, the corporation described in section 18 of this act, or such of them as may then be living and are qualified members of said council of administration, to wit: Maj. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, 3d, retired; Dewey B. Mead; Rev. Hermon L. Brockway; Laurence J. Parker; George W. Kimball; Frederick K. Davis; and Albert C. Lambert.

"(c) Thereafter, the council of administration of the corporation shall consist of not less than 7 members elected in the manner and for the term prescribed in the constitution and bylaws of the corporation.

"SEC. 8. The officers of the corporation shall be a commander in chief, a senior vice commander in chief, a junior vice commander in chief, a secretary and a treasurer (which latter two offices may be held by one person), and such other officers as may be prescribed in the constitution and bylaws. The officers of the corporation shall be selected in such manner and for such terms and with such duties and titles as may be prescribed in the constitution and bylaws of the corporation.

"SEC. 9. (a) The principal office of the corporation shall be located in Trenton, N. J., or in such other place as may be determined by the council of administration; but the activities of the corporation shall not be confined to that place, but may be conducted throughout the various States, the District of Columbia, and Territories and possessions of the United States.

"(b) The corporation shall have in the District of Columbia at all times a designated agent authorized to accept service of process for the corporation; and notice to or service upon such agent, or mailed to the business address of such agent, shall be deemed notice to or service upon the corporation.

"SEC. 10. (a) No part of the income or assets of the corporation shall inure to any of its members or officers as such, or be distributable to any of them during the life of the corporation or upon its dissolution or final liquidation. Nothing in this subsection, however, shall be construed to prevent the payment of compensation to officers of the corporation or reimbursement for actual necessary expenses in amounts approved by the council of administration of the corporation.

"(b) The corporation shall not make loans to its officers or employees. Any member of the council of administration who votes for or assents to the making of a loan or advance to an officer or employee of the corporation, and any officer who participates in the making of such a loan or advance, shall be jointly and severally liable to the corporation for the amount of such loan until the repayment thereof.

"SEC. 11. The corporation and its officers and agents as such shall not contribute to or otherwise support or assist any political party or candidate for public office.

deal of publicity to big price support loans on cotton, wheat, and corn, himself criticizing our farm price supports because of the disproportionately large benefits of the few. I am sure that if he does not already have staff working on a limitation that will correct the situation about which he has himself been very critical that he will be happy to institute such a study and share it with us.

The resolution additionally asks the Secretary of Interior to report to us on the workings of the 160-acre limitation in our land and reclamation laws so we may review them if need be.

These studies should not entail additional expense to the departments. Both have research staffs. Both will benefit, in administrative actions, from the availability of the material which is requested.

I am inviting the attention of both the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Interior to this proposed resolution in the hope that it will be given consideration. In view of the lateness in the session of the Congress, let me say to the chairmen of those committees that I would be most happy if arrangements can be made with the Departments for the studies without the necessity of formal action by the House.

I might myself have taken up the studies with the appropriate officials but I felt it would be better in line with proper procedures if handled by the appropriate committees.

The resolution follows:

RESOLUTION

Family farms, which pressed America's frontiers from the Atlantic to the Pacific, today remain essential to a good American economy and society.

Displacement of family farms by large commercial farms employing low-pay and migrant workers results in the decline and failure of businesses in rural communities, a decline in religious, social, and political participation of citizens—a deterioration from the American standard of many economically independent citizens to a pattern of a few rich and many very poor.

Continued widespread disappearance of the family farm will seriously affect major businesses, industry, and employment as well as those enterprises which deal directly with farmers.

Because of this importance of family farming to our economy and way of life, it is hereby declared the policy of the House of Representatives to preserve, improve, and foster family-type agriculture.

As a step toward congressional implementation of such policy, the Secretary of Agriculture is directed to have made a study of means by which the benefits of farm price support programs may be limited to an amount of farm production as will provide a good family income and no more, reviewing past limitations of a similar nature or proposals of such limitations in connection with farm programs and reporting on other suggestions or plans. Such study shall be professional in nature, indicating advantages or disadvantages of various means of applying such a limitation, and the report shall not be deemed to represent a recommendation or proposal of the authors. A report shall be filed with the House of Representatives or the Departments during January 1955.

As a further step toward implementation of such policy, the Secretary of the Interior is directed to make a report to the House of

Representatives during January 1954, on compliance with the 160-acre limitation in homestead and reclamation matters, any regulations which permit families to exceed the 160 limitation and extent of such excess holding, Federal contracts or arrangements with local water districts which by-pass the limitation provisions of the Federal law, statutory, exemptions from the limitation enacted or proposed since enactment of the reclamation law, applicability of the limitation to land or water programs of other departments of Government, or any other circumstances whereby the Federal family-farm policy implicit in the 160-acre limitation of the reclamation law is modified, avoided or made inapplicable.

DIRECT LOANS TO VETERANS

The SPEAKER. Under previous order of the House, the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mrs. ROGERS] is recognized for 10 minutes.

Mrs. ROGERS of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, the hour is late, and I shall take only a minute or two. I should like to remind the House that the Senate passed H. R. 8152, the bill which provides for direct loans for homes and farmhouses to veterans under the GI bill of rights. The House passed a bill providing for an appropriation of \$100 million. The Senate increased it to \$200 million, just as it did a similar bill last year. We appreciate the fact that the gentleman from Alabama [Mr. SPARKMAN] and others in the other body have been very helpful. It is already on the Speaker's table.

I hope tomorrow that the bill will be taken up if it comes over from the Senate. I shall move, if the author, the gentleman from Ohio [Mr. AYRES], does not, to take up the bill and concur in the Senate amendment raising the amount to \$200 million. If that does not happen, I shall take the bill up and send it to conference. It was unanimously voted out of our committee to accept the Senate figure of \$200 million. The House may be interested to know that the committee has been deluged with requests that it pass.

I should like to remind the House that there are a number of very fine bills at small cost before the Committee on Rules. I have almost forgotten how the Committee on Rules looks, it has been so difficult for our committee to get in there.

There is still time to pass those bills. (Mrs. ROGERS of Massachusetts asked and was given permission to revise and extend her remarks.)

EXTENSION OF REMARKS

By unanimous consent, permission to extend remarks in the Appendix of the RECORD, or to revise and extend remarks, was granted to:

Mr. VURSELL in three instances.

Mr. FRELINGHUYSEN.

Mr. SADLAK in two instances and to include an editorial in each.

Mr. MORANO and to include extraneous matter.

Mrs. ROGERS of Massachusetts in two instances.

Mr. SIMPSON of Illinois and to include a report.

Mr. BUDGE in two instances and to include extraneous matter.

Mr. THOMPSON of Texas and to include a newspaper article.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado and to include an editorial.

Mr. BOGGS and to include an article, notwithstanding the fact that it exceeds two pages of the RECORD and is estimated by the Public Printer to cost \$212.50.

Mr. LANE in four instances and to include extraneous matter.

Mr. RODINO.

Mr. HART and to include an editorial. Mr. ROONEY in three instances and to include a number of letters.

Mr. REED of New York in 25 instances, in each to include additional matter.

Mr. ALLEN of California and to include additional matter.

Mr. PATTERSON (at the request of Mr. MORANO) and to include a newspaper article.

Mr. MULTER in three instances and to include extraneous matter.

Mr. McCORMACK and include an editorial.

Mr. WIDNALL in two instances.

Mr. DORN of New York and to include extraneous matter.

Mr. PHILBIN in the body of the RECORD.

Mr. DORN of South Carolina and to include an article.

Mr. O'BRIEN of New York and to include an article.

Mr. WAMPLER.

Mr. WHITTEN on the bill granting immunity to witnesses.

Mr. JAVITS in connection with H. R. 4975.

Mr. RODINO.

Mr. DONOHUE and to include extraneous matter.

ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED

Mr. LECOMPTE, from the Committee on House Administration, reported that that committee had examined and found truly enrolled a bill of the House of the following title, which was thereupon signed by the Speaker:

H. R. 2098. An act to provide for the compensation of certain persons whose lands have been flooded and damaged by reason of fluctuations in the water level of the Lake of the Woods.

The SPEAKER announced his signature to enrolled bills and joint resolutions of the Senate of the following titles:

S. 1244. An act relating to the renewal of star-route and screen vehicle service contracts;

S. 2027. An act authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to issue quitclaim deeds to the States for certain lands;

S. 2389. An act to amend the act of December 3, 1942;

S. 2408. An act to amend the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, to provide a national defense reserve of tankers and to promote the construction of new tankers, and for other purposes;

S. 2453. An act to amend the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, with respect to implementing the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea relating to radio equipment and radio operators on board ship;

S. 2864. An act to approve an amendatory repayment contract negotiated with the North Unit Irrigation district, to authorize construction of Haystack Reservoir on the

Deschutes Federal reclamation project, and for other purposes;

S. 3137. An act to amend the provisions of the act of August 28, 1937, relating to the conservation of water resources in the arid and semiarid areas of the United States, applicable to the entire United States, and to increase and revise the limitation on aid available under the provisions of the said act, and for other purposes;

S. 3464. An act to amend the Communications Act of 1934, in order to make certain provision for the carrying out of the Agreement for the Promotion of Safety on the Great Lakes by Means of Radio;

S. 3681. An act to authorize the Civil Service Commission to make available group life insurance for civilian officers and employees in the Federal service, and for other purposes;

S. 3697. An act to amend the act of April 6, 1937, as amended, to include cooperation with the Governments of Canada and Mexico or local Canadian or Mexican authorities for the control of incipient or emergency outbreaks of insect pests or plant diseases;

S. 3699. An act granting the consent of Congress to a compact entered into by the States of Louisiana and Texas and relating to the waters of the Sabine River;

S. J. Res. 67. Joint resolution to repeal certain World War II laws relating to return of fishing vessels, and for other purposes; and

S. J. Res. 149. Joint resolution designating the month of September 1955 as John Marshall Bicentennial Month, and creating a commission to supervise and direct the observance of such month.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. NICHOLSON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 12 minutes p. m.), the House adjourned until tomorrow, Thursday, August 5, 1954, at 12 o'clock noon.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

1805. A letter from the Acting Secretary of Agriculture, transmitting the report on cooperation of the United States with Mexico in the control and eradication of foot-and-mouth disease for the month of June 1954, pursuant to Public Law 8, 80th Congress; to the Committee on Agriculture.

1806. A letter from the Archivist of the United States, transmitting a report on records proposed for disposal and lists or schedules covering records proposed for disposal by certain Government agencies; to the Committee on House Administration.

1807. A letter from the Secretary of State, transmitting the second semiannual report of the Administrator of the Refugee Relief Act of 1953, pursuant to section 19 of Public Law 203, 83d Congress; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 or rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. SCHENCK: Committee on House Administration. House Resolution 695. Res-

olution authorizing the printing of additional copies of the report of the Committee on Public Works on the St. Lawrence seaway; without amendment (Rept. No. 2613). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. SCHENCK: Committee on House Administration. House Concurrent Resolution 267. Concurrent resolution authorizing the printing of additional copies of the hearings held by the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy relative to the contribution of atomic energy to medicine; without amendment (Rept. No. 2614). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. SCHENCK: Committee on House Administration. Senate Concurrent Resolution 97. Concurrent resolution to print additional copies of part 6 of the hearings held before a subcommittee of the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs relative to stockpile and accessibility of strategic and critical materials to the United States in time of war; without amendment (Rept. No. 2615). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. SCHENCK: Committee on House Administration. Senate Concurrent Resolution 98. Concurrent resolution to print additional copies of an interim report entitled "Activities of United States Citizens Employed by the United Nations"; without amendment (Rept. No. 2616). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. SCHENCK: Committee on House Administration. Senate Concurrent Resolution 99. Concurrent resolution to print additional copies of hearings entitled "Strategy and Tactics of World Communism"; without amendment (Rept. No. 2617). Referred to the House Calendar.

Mr. HOFFMAN of Michigan: Committee on Government Operations. Twenty-fourth report pertaining to organization and administration of the military research and development programs; (Rept. No. 2618). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. REES of Kansas: Committee on Post Office and Civil Service. Third intermediate report pertaining to a survey and study of Post Office Operations; (Rept. No. 2619). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska: Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs. H. R. 10074. A bill to authorize the replacement of certain Government-owned utility facilities at Glacier National Park, Montana, and Grand Canyon National Park, Arizona; without amendment (Rept. 2620). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. MILLER of Nebraska: Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs. S. 118. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain the Washita River Basin reclamation project, Oklahoma; with amendment (Rept. No. 2621). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

Mr. GRAHAM: Committee on the Judiciary. S. 2308. An act to authorize and direct the investigation by the Attorney General of certain offenses, and for other purposes; with amendment (Rept. No. 2622). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. BOYKIN:

H. R. 10170. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GRANT:

H. R. 10171. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HAGEN of California:

H. R. 10172. A bill to amend section 46 of the act of May 25, 1926, and thereby modify the excess land and repayment provisions of the Federal reclamation laws; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. HEBERT:

H. R. 10173. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LONG:

H. R. 10174. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LYLE:

H. R. 10175. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MORRISON:

H. R. 10176. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. PASSMAN:

H. R. 10177. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. RHODES of Pennsylvania:

H. R. 10178. A bill to provide certain benefits for annuitants who retired under the Civil Service Retirement Act of May 29, 1930, prior to April 1, 1948; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Louisiana:

H. R. 10179. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Texas:

H. R. 10180. A bill to provide for an ad valorem duty on the importation of shrimp; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. UTT:

H. R. 10181. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. CRUMPACKER:

H. J. Res. 581. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relating to the procedure for amending the Constitution; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. HUNTER:

H. R. 10182. A bill for the relief of Adelaido Jimenez-Solorio; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JAVITS:

H. R. 10183. A bill for the relief of Oswald E. Kohlruss, Antonie Kohlruss and Evelyne Hedy Kohlruss; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. NORBLAD:

H. R. 10184. A bill for the relief of Tomas Gumtang Subia; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RAY:

H. R. 10185. A bill for the relief of Anthony J. Varca, Jr.; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of rule XXII,

1132. Mr. PHILBIN presented a petition of Paul Smith, of South Lancaster, Mass., and others in favor of legislation to prohibit alcoholic beverage advertising on the radio and television and in magazines and newspapers, which was referred to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.